SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sikalastic®-1K

BUILDING TRUST



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Sikalastic®-1K
Product type	: Powder.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable.

Supplier/Manufacturer	Sika Australia Pty. Ltd. 55 Elizabeth Street (Locked Bag 482 BDC) Wetherill Park, NSW 2164 Australia
Telephone no.:	+61 2 9725 11 45
Fax no.	+61 2 9725 33 30
Emergency telephone number	: +61 1800 033 111

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3
substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Causes serious eye damage. Causes mild skin irritation.
Precautionary statements		
General	1	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	1	Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink.
Disposal	1	Not applicable.
Other bazards which do not		Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause

Other hazards which do not : Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of	:	Not avai
identification		

 Nlot	available
INOL	available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.
Product code	: 131009-1
In an all and many a	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Cement, portland, chemicals	<10%	65997-15-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately
	flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important	symptoms/effects	acute and delaved
most important	571115/0115/010015	

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
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Date of issue/Date of revision

: 16.09.2014. Date of previous issue

Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	Contro	parameters
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Occupational exposure limi	<u>ts</u>	
Cement, portland, chemicals		Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	va er	lse only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, apour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other ngineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any ecommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	th ca	missions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure ney comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some ases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process quipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>'es</u>	
Hygiene measures	ea Ar W	Vash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before ating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. ppropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Vash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and afety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	as ga ur go	afety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk ssessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, nless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash oggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be equired instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	be th ch sh di se	chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should e worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates his is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, heck during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It hould be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be ifferent for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of everal substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately stimated.
Body protection	be	ersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task eing performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist efore handling this product.
Other skin protection	se	ppropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be elected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be pproved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	st be	se a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved tandard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must e based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and he safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Powder.
Colour	: Grey.
Odour	: Odourless.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
Burning time	: Not available.
Burning rate	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	: Not applicable.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: ~1.5 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Cement, portland, chemicals	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	1	Not available.
routes of exposure		
Potential acute health effects		

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>:ts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	1	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition : Not available. Soefficient (Koc) : Not available. : Not available. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Date of issue/Date of revision : 16.09.2014. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 8/10

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt
	containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADG	Not regulated.		-	-		-
ADR	Not regulated.		-	-		-
IMDG	Not regulated.		-	-		-
IATA	Not regulated.		-	-		-

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).				
Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons					
Not regulated.					
Control of Scheduled Carcinogenic Substances					
Australia inventory (AICS)	Not determined.				
EU Classification	: Xi; R36				
HCS Classification	Irritating material Carcinogen Target organ effects				

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
	Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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